Kelowna Fire Department Paid on Call Medical Qualifications

The following document is based on the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1582 Medical Conditions Form

Medical Conditions Affecting Ability to Safely Perform Essential Job Tasks

"Candidates with Category "A" medical conditions shall not be certified as meeting the medical requirements of this standard."

NFPA 1582 - CATEGORY "A" MEDICAL CONDITIONS NOT ACCEPTED

SEC	TION 6.3 - HEAD AND NECK
	Defect of skull preventing helmet use or leaving underlying brain unprotected from trauma. Any skull or facial deformity that would not allow for a successful respiratory facepiece fit test.
	Any head or neck condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
SEC	TION 6.4 - EYES AND VISION
	Far visual acuity less than 20 / 40 binocular, corrected with contact lenses or spectacles, or far visual acuity less than 20 / 100 binocular for wearers of hard contacts or spectacles, uncorrected.
	Note: Successful long-term soft contact lens wearers are not subject to the uncorrected standard; long term is defined as six months without a problem.
	Monochromatic vision resulting in inability to use imaging devices such as thermal imaging camera.
	Note: Candidates must pass the Farnesworth-Hue Colour Test or Ishihara Test for Colour Blindness.
	Monocular vision that restricts the candidate's ability to drive fire apparatus and other emergency vehicles.
	Any eye condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
SEC	TION 6.5 - EARS AND HEARING
	Chronic vertigo or impaired balance as demonstrated by the inability to tandem gait walk. On audiometric testing, average hearing loss in the unaided better ear greater than 40 decibels (dB) at 500 hertz (Hz), 1000 Hz, 2000 Hz, and 3000 Hz when the audiometric device is calibrated to ANSI Z24.5.
Aua	liometric Device Testing.
	Any ear condition (or hearing impairment) that results in a person not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
SEC	TION 6.6 - DENTAL

☐ Any dental condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential

job tasks. SECTION 6.7 - NOSE, OROPHARYNX, TRACHEA, ESOPHAGUS AND LARYNX ☐ Tracheostomy. ☐ Aphonia. ☐ Any nasal, oropharyngeal, tracheal, esophageal or laryngeal condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks including fit testing for respirators such as N-95 for medical response, P-100 for particulates and certain vapors, and SCBA for fire and hazmat operations. **SECTION 6.8 - LUNGS AND CHEST WALL** Active haemoptysis, empyema, pulmonary hypertension and tuberculosis. ☐ An FVC or FEV, less than 70 percent predicted independent of disease. Obstructive lung diseases such as emphysema, chronic bronchitis, asthma with an FEV / FVC less than 0.75, with both FEV and FVC below normal (less than 0.80). Hypoxemia - oxygen saturation less than 90 percent at rest or exercise desaturation by 4 percent or to less than 90 percent. ☐ Asthma - reactive airways disease requiring bronchodilator or corticosteroid therapy for 2 or more consecutive months in the previous 2 years, unless: A candidate who has in the past required bronchodilator, corticosteroid or anti-inflammatory therapy but does not believe he/she has asthma shall be evaluated by a pulmonologist or other expert in asthmatic lung disease such as an allergist to determine: Asthma has resolved without symptoms off medications for 2 years. If allergic, allergen avoidance or desensitization has been successful. Spirometry demonstrates adequate reserve (FVC and FEV1 greater than or equal to 90 percent) and no bronchodilator response measured off all bronchodilators on the day of testing. Normal or negative response (less than 20 percent decline in FEV1) to provocative challenge using cold air, exercise (12 METS) or methacholine. (PC20 greater than 8 is considered normal, as response at dose greater than 8 mg might not be clinically significant). ☐ Challenge testing shall be performed off all anti-inflammatory medications for 4 weeks preceding the test and off all bronchodilators on the day of testing. SECTION 6.9 - HEART AND VASCULAR SYSTEM Section 6.9.1 - Heart ☐ Coronary artery disease, myocardial infarction, angina pectoris, coronary artery bypass surgery, coronary angioplasty and similar procedures. ☐ Cardiomyopathy or congestive heart failure, including signs or symptoms of compromised left or right ventricular function, including dyspnea, S3 gallop, peripheral edema, enlarged ventricle, abnormal ejection fraction and/or inability to increase cardiac output with exercise. Acute pericarditis, endocarditis or myocarditis ☐ Syncope, recurrent

☐ Condition requiring an automatic implantable cardiac defibrillator or history of ventricular tachycardia or ventricular fibrillation due to ischemic or valvular heart disease or

cardiomyopathy.

☐ Cardiac pacemaker.

Third-degree atrioventricular block.

	Idiopathic hypertrophic subaortic stenosis. Any cardiac condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
Sect	tion 6.9.2 - Vascular System
	Hypertension with evidence of end organ damage or not controlled by approved medications. Thoracic or abdominal aortic aneurysm. Carotid artery stenosis or obstruction resulting in greater than or equal to 50 percent reduction in blood flow. Peripheral vascular disease resulting in symptomatic claudication.
	Any other vascular condition that results in inability to safely perform on e or more of the essential job tasks.
SEC	TION 6.10 - ABDOMINAL ORGANS AND GASTROINTESTINAL SYSTEM
	Presence of uncorrected inguinal / femoral hernia regardless of symptoms. Any gastrointestinal condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
SEC	TION 6.11 - REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM
	Any genital condition that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
SEC	TION 6.12 - URINARY SYSTEM
	Renal failure or insufficiency requiring continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis (CAPD) or haemodialysis.
	Any urinary condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
SEC	TION 6.13- SPINE AND AXIAL SKELETON
	Scoliosis of thoracic or lumbar spine with angle greater than or equal to 40 degrees. History of spinal surgery involving fusion of two or more vertebrae or rods that are still in
	place. Any spinal or skeletal condition producing sensory or motor deficits or pain due to radiculopathy or nerve root compression.
	Cervical vertebral fractures with multiple vertebral body compression greater than 25 percent; evidence of posterior element involvement, nerve root damage, disc involvement, dislocation (partial, moderate, severe), abnormal exam, ligament instability, symptomatic, and/or less than 6 months post injury or less than 1 year since surgery.
	Thoracic vertebral fractures with vertebral body compression greater than 50 percent; evidence of posterior element involvement, nerve root damage, disc involvement, dislocation (severe - with or without surgery), abnormal exam, ligament instability, symptomatic, and/or less than 6 months post injury or less than 1 year since surgery.
	Lumbrosacral vertebral fractures with vertebral body compression greater than 50 percent; evidence of posterior element involvement, nerve root damage, disc involvement, dislocation (partial, moderate, severe), fragmentation, abnormal exam, ligament instability, symptomatic, and/or less than 6 months post injury or less than 1 year since surgery.
	Any spinal or skeletal condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.

SEC	TION 6.14 - EXTREMITIES
	Bone hardware such as metal plates or rods supporting bone during healing. History of total joint replacement.
	Amputation or congenital absence of upper-extremity limb (hand or higher).
	Amputation of either thumb proximal to the mid-proximal phalanx.
	Amputation or congenital absence of lower-extremity limb (foot or above).
	History of more than one dislocation of shoulder without surgical repair or with history of recurrent shoulder disorders within the last 5 years with pain or loss of motion, and with or without radiographic deviations from normal.
	Any extremity condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
<u>SEC</u>	TION 6.15 - NEUROLOGICAL DISORDERS
	Ataxias of heredo-degenerative type.
	Cerebral arteriosclerosis as evidenced by a history of transient ischemic attack, reversible ischemic neurological deficit, or ischemic stroke.
	Hemiparalysis or paralysis of a limb.
	Multiple sclerosis with activity or evidence of progression within previous 3 years.
	Myasthenia gravis with activity or evidence of progression within previous 3 years.
	Progressive muscular dystrophy or atrophy. Uncorrected cerebral aneurysm.
	All epileptic conditions including simple partial, complex partial, generalized, and
	psychomotor seizure disorders other than allowed in 6.15.1.1. A candidate with epileptic conditions shall have had complete control during the previous 5
ш	years.
	To be medically qualified a candidate shall meet all of the following:
	No seizures for 1 year off all anti-epileptic medication or 5 years seizure free on a stable medical regimen.
	Neurologic examination is normal.
	Imaging (CAT or MRI scan) studies are normal.
	Awake and asleep EEG studies with photic stimulation and hyperventilation are normal. A definitive statement from a qualified neurological specialist that the candidate meets the criteria specified in 6.15.1.2(1) through 6.15.1.2(4) and that the candidate is neurologically cleared for fire-fighting training and the performance of a fire fighter's essential job tasks.
	Dementia (Alzheimer's and other neurodegenerative diseases) with symptomatic loss of function or cognitive impairment (e.g., less than or equal to 28 on Mini-Mental Status Exam).
	Parkinson's disease and other movement disorders resulting in uncontrolled movements, bradykinesia, or cognitive impairment (e.g., less than or equal to 28 on Mini-Mental Status Exam).
	Any neurological condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
<u>SEC</u>	TION 6.16 - SKIN
	Metastatic or locally extensive basal or squamous cell carcinoma or melanoma.
	Any dermatologic condition that would not allow for a successful respiratory facepiece fit test.
	Any dermatologic condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one

or more of the essential job tasks.

<u> </u>	TION 6.17 - BLOOD AND BLOOD-FORMING ORGANS
	Hemorrhagic states requiring replacement therapy. Sickle cell disease (homozygous). Clotting disorders. Any haematological conditions that results in inability to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
SFC	TION 6.18 - ENDOCRINE AND METABOLIC DISORDERS
	
	Type 1 diabetes mellitus, unless a candidate meets all of the following criteria: Is maintained by a physician knowledgeable in current management of diabetes mellitus on a basal/bolus (can include subcutaneous insulin infusion pump) regimen using insulin analogs. Has demonstrated over a period of at least 1 year the motivation and understanding required
	to closely monitor and control capillary blood glucose levels through nutritional therapy and insulin administration. Assessment of this shall take into consideration the erratic meal schedules, sleep disruption, and high aerobic and anaerobic workloads intrinsic to fire fighting.
	Has a dilated retinal exam by a qualified ophthalmologist or optometrist that shows no higher grade of diabetic retinopathy than microaneurysms, as indicated on the International Clinical Diabetic Retinopathy Disease Severity Scale.
	Has normal renal function based on a calculated creatinine clearance greater than 60 mL/min and absence of proteinuria. (Creatinine clearance can be calculated by use of the Cockroft-Gault or similar formula. Proteinuria is defined as 24-hour urine excretion of greater than or equal to 300 mg protein or greater than or equal to 300 mg of albumin per gram of creatinine
	on a random sample). Has no autonomic or peripheral neuropathy. (Peripheral neuropathy is determined by diminished ability to feel the vibration of a 128 cps tuning fork or the light touch of a 10-gram monofilament on the dorsum of the great toe proximal to the nail. Autonomic neuropathy might be determined by evidence of gastroparesis, postural hypotension, or abnormal tests of heart rate variability.)
	Has normal cardiac function without evidence of myocardial ischemia on cardiac stress testing (to at least 12 METS) by ECG and cardiac imaging.
	Has a signed statement from an endocrinologist knowledgeable in management of diabetes mellitus as well as the essential job tasks and hazards of fire fighting as described in 5.1.1 that the candidate meets the following criteria:
	Is being successfully maintained on a regimen consistent with 6.18.1(1)(a) and 6.18.1(1)(b). Has achieved stable control of blood glucose as evidenced by Hemoglobin A1C consistently less than 8 when monitored at least twice yearly. This shall include evidence of a set schedule for blood glucose monitoring and a thorough review of data from such monitoring.
	Does not have an increased risk of hypoglycemia due to alcohol use or other predisposing factors.
	Has had no episodes of severe hypoglycemia (defined as requiring assistance of another) in the preceding 1 year, with no more than one episode of severe hypoglycemia in the preceding 5 years.
	Is certified not to have a medical contraindication to fire-fighting training and operations. Insulin-requiring Type 2 diabetes mellitus, unless a candidate meets all of the following

	criteria:
	Is maintained by a physician knowledgeable in current management of diabetes mellitus. Has demonstrated over a period of at least 3 months the motivation and understanding required to closely monitor and control capillary blood glucose levels through nutritional therapy and insulin administration.
	Assessment of this shall take into consideration the erratic meal schedules, sleep disruption, and high aerobic and anaerobic workloads intrinsic to fire fighting.
	Has a dilated retinal exam by a qualified ophthalmologist or optometrist that shows no higher grade of diabetic retinopathy than microaneurysms, as indicated on the International Clinical diabetic Patinopathy Disease Soverity Scale
	diabetic Retinopathy Disease Severity Scale. Has normal renal function based on a calculated creatinine clearance greater than 60 mL/min and absence of proteinuria. (Creatinine clearance can be calculated by use of the Cockroft-Gault or similar formula. Proteinuria is defined as 24-hour urine excretion of greater than or equal to 300 mg protein or greater than or equal to 300 mg of albumin per gram of creatinine
	in a random sample.) Has no autonomic or peripheral neuropathy. (Peripheral neuropathy is determined by diminished ability to feel the vibration of a 128 cps tuning fork or the light touch of a 10-gram monofilament on the dorsum of the great toe proximal to the nail. Autonomic neuropathy can be determined by evidence of gastroparesis,
	postural hypotension, or abnormal tests of heart rate variability.) Has normal cardiac function without evidence of myocardial ischemia on cardiac stress
	testing (to at least 12 METS) by ECG and cardiac imaging. Has a signed statement from an endocrinologist knowledgeable in management of diabetes mellitus as well as the essential job tasks and hazards of fire fighting as described in 5.1.1 that the candidate meets the following criteria:
	Is maintained on a stable insulin regimen and has demonstrated over a period of at least 3 months the motivation and understanding required to closely monitor and control capillary blood glucose levels despite varied activity schedules through nutritional therapy and insulin administration.
	Has achieved stable control of blood glucose as evidence by Hemoglobin A1C less than 8 when monitored at least twice yearly, which must include evidence of a set schedule for blood glucose monitoring and a thorough review of data from such monitoring.
	Does not have an increased risk of hypoglycemia due to alcohol use or other predisposing
	factors. Has had no episodes of severe hypoglycemia (defined as requiring assistance of another) in the preceding 1 year, with no more than one episode of severe hypoglycemia in the preceding 5 years.
	Is certified not to have a medical contraindication to fire-fighting training and operations.
SEC	TION 6.19 - SYSTEMIC DISEASES AND MISCELLANEOUS CONDITIONS
	Any systemic condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.
<u>SEC</u>	TION 6.20 - TUMORS AND MALIGNANT DISEASES
	Malignant disease that is newly diagnosed, untreated, or currently being treated, or under active surveillance due to the increased risk for reoccurrence.
	Any tumour or similar condition that results in the candidate not being able to safely perform one or more of the essential job tasks.

<u>SEC I</u>	TION 6.21 - PSYCHIATRIC CONDITIONS	
	Any psychiatric condition that results i more of the essential job tasks.	n the candidate not being able to safely perform one or
SECT	TION 6.22 - CHEMICALS, DRUGS, AND I	MEDICATIONS
	Those that require chronic or frequer classes of medications:	nt treatment with any of the following medications or
	Narcotics, including methadone. Sedative-hypnotics.	
		me, partial thromboplastin time, or international
	` ,	h-dose diuretics, or central acting antihypertensive
	Respiratory medications: inhaled	bronchodilators, inhaled corticosteroids, systemic
	corticosteroids, theophylline, and leuk High-dose corticosteroids for chronic d	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	, ,	hat results in the candidate not being able to safely
	perform one or more of the essential jo	od tasks.
For r	reference, a complete copy of the NF	PA 1582 standard can be purchased from the
Natio	ional Fire Protection Association at <u>wv</u>	ww.nfpa.org
As th	the physician representing medical requirements noted above. An	, I deem that the applicant meets v contradictions shall be noted above.
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Physi	sician's Signature	Date
Physi	sician's Stamp	